**Appendix**

**Table A1.** Standardized coefficients for latent constructs in the measurement model

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | Western Europe | | United States | |
| Observed variable | Latent construct | *b* | *SE* | *b* | *SE* |
| Speak official language | Deservingness | .76 | .01 | .68 | .02 |
| Good educational qualifications | Deservingness | .70 | .01 | .76 | .02 |
| Christian background | Deservingness | .39 | .01 | .52 | .03 |
| Work skills | Deservingness | .78 | .01 | .73 | .02 |
| Committed to way of life | Deservingness | .67 | .01 | .69 | .02 |
| Job threat | Realistic threat | .79 | .02 | .87 | .02 |
| Crime threat | Realistic threat | .80 | .02 | .90 | .02 |

**Table A2.** Direct effects of predictors on perceived threat and deservingness in Western Europe (*N* = 6,000)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Realistic threat | Symbolic threat | Deservingness |
| **Demographics** |  |  |  |
| Female | -.03\* | -.06\*\*\* | .03\* |
| Age | .09\*\*\* | .06\*\* | -.12\*\*\* |
| Education | -.14\*\*\* | -.13\*\*\* | -.03\* |
| Migration background | -.07\*\*\* | -.04\*\* | .01 |
| Importance of religion | -.07\*\*\* | -.06\*\*\* | -.11\*\*\* |
| Urban resident | -.01 | -.02 | -.03\* |
| Employment | -.03\* | -.01 | -.05\*\*\* |
| **Media exposure** |  |  |  |
| Refugee news | .10\*\*\* | .04\*\* | -.03\*\* |
| Public broadcaster | -.15\*\*\* | -.18\*\*\* | -.06\*\*\* |
| Commercial broadcaster | .09\*\*\* | .12\*\*\* | -.07\*\*\* |
| **Perceived threats** |  |  |  |
| Realistic threat |  |  | -.17\*\*\* |
| Symbolic threat |  |  | -.32\*\*\* |
| **Country fixed effects** |  |  |  |
| France |  |  | .03 |
| Sweden |  |  | .03\* |
| Netherlands |  |  | -.05\*\* |

***Note.*** Cell entries represent standardized regression coefficients. \*: p < 0.05; \*\*: p < 0.01; \*\*\*: p < 0.001. A high score on the deservingness-scale indicates more lenient views towards the acceptance of migrants.

**Table A3.** Indirect effects of predictors on deservingness in Western Europe (*N* = 6,000)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Deservingness |
| **Demographics** |  |
| Female | .02\*\*\* |
| Age | -.03\*\*\* |
| Education | .07\*\*\* |
| Migration background | .03\*\*\* |
| Importance of religion | .03\*\*\* |
| Urban resident | -.00 |
| Employment | .01 |
| **Media exposure** |  |
| Refugee news | -.02\*\*\* |
| Public broadcaster | .08\*\*\* |
| Commercial broadcaster | -.05\*\*\* |

***Note.*** Cell entries represent standardized regression coefficients. \*: p < 0.05; \*\*: p < 0.01; \*\*\*: p < 0.001. A high score on the deservingness-scale indicates more lenient views towards the acceptance of migrants.

**Table A4.** Direct effects of predictors on perceived threat and deservingness in the United States (*N* = 1,031)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Realistic threat | Symbolic threat | Deservingness |
| **Demographics** |  |  |  |
| Female | -.06\* | -.10\*\*\* | -.01 |
| Age | -.00 | -.01 | -.14\*\*\* |
| Education | -.08\*\* | -.11\*\* | .02 |
| Migration background | -.03 | -.02 | .02 |
| Importance of religion | .19\*\*\* | .17\*\*\* | -.15\*\*\* |
| Urban resident | -.06\* | -.06\* | -.01 |
| Employment | .03 | .05 | -.01 |
| Republican | .24\*\*\* | .17\*\*\* | -.01 |
| Income | -.03 | -.03 | -.06 |
| **Media exposure** |  |  |  |
| Immigrant news | -.05 | -.09\*\* | -.04 |
| CNN | -.08\* | -.07\* | .08\* |
| MSNBC | -.04 | -.05 | .03 |
| Fox | .27\*\*\* | .31\*\*\* | -.10\*\*\* |
| PBS | .05 | .08\* | .01 |
| **Perceived threats** |  |  |  |
| Realistic threat |  |  | -.29\*\*\* |
| Symbolic threat |  |  | -.19\*\*\* |

***Note.*** Cell entries represent standardized regression coefficients. \*: p < 0.05; \*\*: p < 0.01; \*\*\*: p < 0.001. A high score on the deservingness-scale indicates more lenient views towards the acceptance of migrants.

**Table A5.** Indirect effects of predictors on deservingness in the United States (*N* = 1,031)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Deservingness |
| **Demographics** |  |
| Female | .04\*\* |
| Age | -.00 |
| Education | .04\*\* |
| Migration background | .01 |
| Importance of religion | -.09\*\*\* |
| Urban resident | .03\* |
| Employment | -02 |
| Republican | -.10\*\*\* |
| Income | -.01 |
| **Media exposure** |  |
| Immigrant news | .03\* |
| CNN | .04\* |
| MSNBC | .02 |
| Fox | -.14\*\*\* |
| PBS | -.03\* |

***Note.*** Cell entries represent standardized regression coefficients. \*: p < .05; \*\*: p < .01; \*\*\*: p < .001. A high score on the deservingness-scale indicates more lenient views towards the acceptance of migrants.